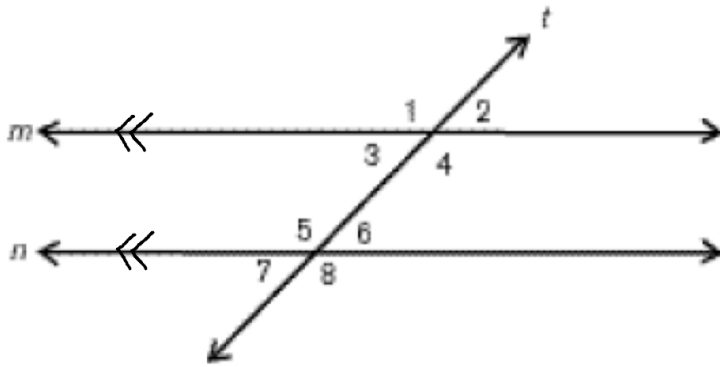


Proving Angle Relationships and Parallel Lines in the Euclidean Plane

Task A



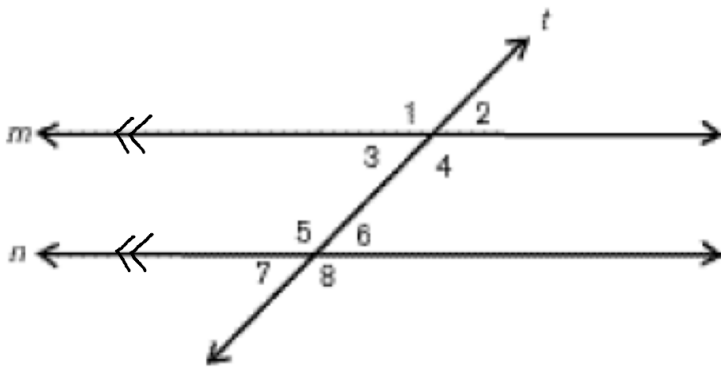
Given: $m \parallel n$

Prove: $\angle 2 \cong \angle 7$

(Hint: remember that corresponding angles are congruent as an assumption, and that we have proven vertical angles are always congruent)

Theorem: If parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then

Task B:



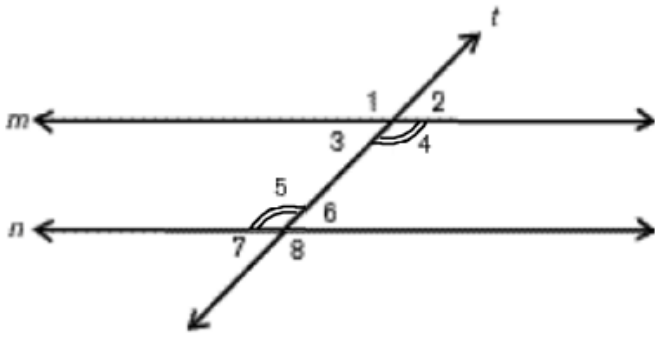
Given: $m \parallel n$

Prove: $\angle 3 + \angle 5 = 180^\circ$

(Hint: Corresponding angles of parallel lines are congruent as an assumption, and note $\angle 1 + \angle 3 = 180^\circ$)

Theorem: If parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then

Task C:



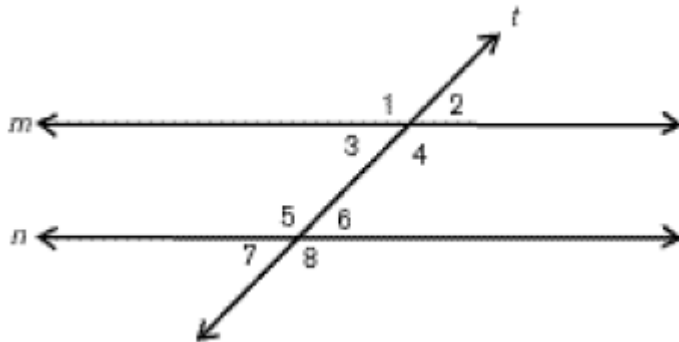
Given: $\angle 5 \cong \angle 4$

Prove: $m \parallel n$

(Hint: We have proven that vertical angles are congruent, and have postulated that lines are parallel if and only if their corresponding angles are congruent.)

Theorem: If lines cut by a transversal form congruent alternate interior angles, then

Task D:



Given: $\angle 4 + \angle 6 = 180^\circ$

Prove: $m \parallel n$

(Hint: Note that $\angle 2 + \angle 4 = 180^\circ$, and have postulated that lines are parallel if and only if their corresponding angles are congruent.)

Theorem: If lines cut by a transversal form supplementary same-side interior angles, then